Numb. 1579

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday January 3. to Thursday January 6. 1686.

Milan, Dec. 7.

OUr Governor the Count *de Melgar*, has ſent a Gentleman to Compliment the Cardinal *d'Eſtree* upon his coming into *Italy*; and the Governor of *Cazal* has Orders, in caſe he paſſed through that place to receive him with all the Reſpects that are due to his quality. From *Spain* we have Advice, that the Duke *de Medina Celi* had propoſed to the King, the having a Fleet of 30 ſtout men of War at Sea the next Summer, and that he was endeavouring to raiſe the Moneys neceſſary for that ſervice.

Venice, Dec. 10. We are expecting here the Cardinal *d'Eſtree* from *Turin*, where he has been ſome time. He will, upon his arrival here, offer the Senate the French Kings Mediation, and his own Services for the compoſing the differences that are ſtill depending between them and the Pope. The Duke of *Mantoua* is ſtill here, and ſome are of opinion that he ſtays on purpoſe to ſee the Cardinal in this place, having received a Letter from him, wherein the Cardinal acquaints him, that he had ſome Affairs of moment to diſcourſe with his Highneſs about; to which report it is added, that by ſome Affairs of Moment, *Cazal* is meant, which the French have ſo long endeavoured to get into their hands, and that they hope the Cardinal will Treat about this Matter more ſucceſsfully than the other Miniſters that have hitherto been employed therein, have done. From *Turkey* we have Advice, that the Grand Signior was at *Adrianople*, that he intended to remain the Winter there, and in the Spring when his Army takes the Field, to put himſelf at the head of it.

Warſaw, Dec. 12. We have this day received Letters from *Zolkiew*, where the King of *Poland* at preſent is, which tell us, that the King had given Audience to an Envoye from the Cham of *Tartary*, who in the Speech he then made to the King, let fall an expreſſion, which ſeemed to threaten a War from the Turks, if care were not taken to compoſe the differences that are now on foot concerning the Limits; and that the King had diſmiſt him with this Anſwer, that it ſhould not be his fault if the ſaid differences were not determined, when the Commiſſioners met again; but in caſe the Turks would not yield to thoſe terms that are juſt and reaſonable, he would put himſelf into a poſture not to fear their threats. Two Ambaſſadors are coming hither from *Moſcovy*, with full power as is ſaid, to conclude an Offenſive Allyance with this Crown againſt the Turks.

Lintz, Dec. 17. It is reported, that two days ſince arrived here from *Tranſylvania* a Gentleman, ſent by the chief of the Miſcontents, to repreſent to the Emperor, the main Points which they think neceſſary for the ſecuring their Religion and Liberty; and that he has brought with him a Project of certain Articles, which its ſaid, he has communicated to ſome of the principal Miniſters of this Court, and that they do not diſlike them; if this be true, we may hope that this happy Work will be ſpeedily effected; and indeed the Advices we receive from *Germany*, concerning the poſture the French are putting themſelves into on that ſide, for the accompliſhing their great Deſigns, make us every day more and more ſee the neceſſity there is of putting an end to the War of *Hungary*, that ſo his Imperial Majeſties Forces may be united for the Defence of the Empire.

Francfort, Dec. 23. The Deputies for the regulating the Matter of the Mint continue their Conferences, but without any proſpect of bringing the thing to a concluſion. From *Lorrain* they write, that the French are preparing there a very great Train of Artillery, and make other preparations, which plainly diſcover that they intend ſome action againſt Spring; they continue, notwithſtanding the Seaſon, to work on the Fortifications of *Saarburg*, *Saar-Louis*, and other places. The Letters we receive from *Lintz* inform us, that ſeveral Propoſals had been made to the Emperor in the name of the Hungarian Malecontents, in order to a Peace, and that they were ſuch, as that it was not doubted but they would with ſome little alterations, be granted by the Emperor. The ſame Letters add, that the Emperors Miniſter at *Conſtantinople*, had in a late Audience he had of the Grand Vizier, received freſh aſſurances, that the Grand Signior was firmly reſolved to maintain inviolably, the Peace that is now eſtabliſhed between the two Empires. The Imperial Chamber will be removed from *Spire*, that Matter having been brought before the Dyet at *Ratisbonne*, who think the Removal neceſſary, and are conſidering of a fit place to which it may be made.

Strasburg, Dec. 27. The Baron *de Monclar*, Lieutenant-General for the French King in *Alſace*, is continually moving from one place to another, in order to the haſtening the preparations that are making, and to ſee that the Troops are in the condition they ought; and now every body here believes that a new War is at hand; and we are told of ſeveral ſtrange Sights that have been ſeen in the Heavens, which they ſay were likewiſe ſeen before the breaking out of the laſt War, and theſe the Superſtitious and Ignorant are much effected with.

Berlin, Dec. 28. The differences between the Crown of *Spain* and our Elector are not yet determined, though we hope they will be very ſpeedily, by the Interpoſition of the King of *England*. In the mean time, the Ship that was taken in the Road of

Oſtend.